

### Robotics 2

## Introduction

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DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA INFORMATICA Automatica e Gestionale Antonio Ruberti



## Robotics 2 – 2023-24



- II semester February 26 May 29, 2024
- master courses Artificial Intelligence and Robotics & Control Engineering
- credits 6 = 150h (1 ECTS = 25h of student work) with a combination of
  - regular lectures in the classroom, including
    - questions & answers (Q&A) on material covered in video lectures
    - exercises (on blackboard) + midterm test
  - video lectures recorded in 2019-20, available on YouTube in the <u>Robotics 2 playlist</u> of the <u>Video DIAG – Sapienza</u> channel
  - individual study (~70h)
- schedule Monday (8:00-10:00) Wednesday (14:00-18:00), room B2
- G-group <u>https://groups.google.com/a/diag.uniroma1.it/g/robotics2\_2023-24</u>

# General information

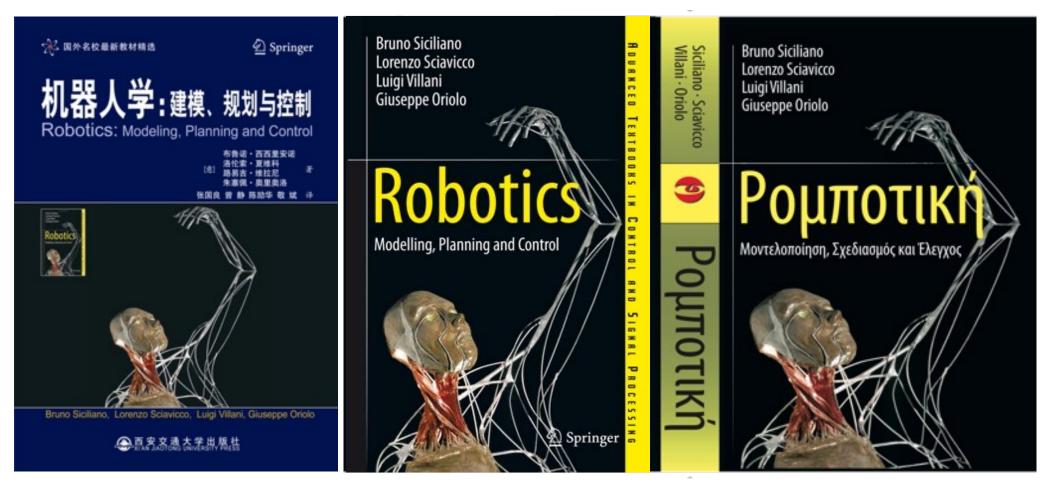


- prerequisites
  - Robotics 1 as a prerequisite (mandatory for the exam)
- aims
  - advanced kinematics & dynamic analysis of robot manipulators
  - design of feedback control laws for free motion and interaction tasks
- textbook
  - B. Siciliano, L. Sciavicco, L. Villani, G. Oriolo: *Robotics: Modelling, Planning and Control*, 3rd Edition, Springer, 2009
- related courses
  - Autonomous and Mobile Robotics 1<sup>st</sup> semester of year 2, 6 credits
  - Elective in Robotics whole year 2, 12 credits (four modules)
    or Control Problems in Robotics 6 credits (two out of four modules)
  - Probabilistic Robotics 1<sup>st</sup> semester of year 2, 6 credits
  - Medical Robotics 2<sup>nd</sup> semester of year 2, 6 credits

## An international textbook



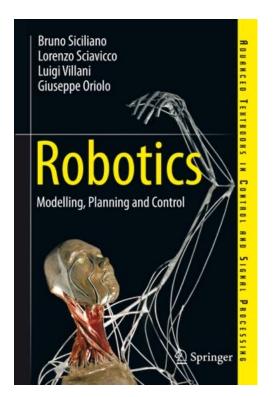
B. Siciliano, L. Sciavicco, L. Villani, G. Oriolo: *Robotics: Modelling, Planning and Control*, 3rd Edition, Springer, 2009

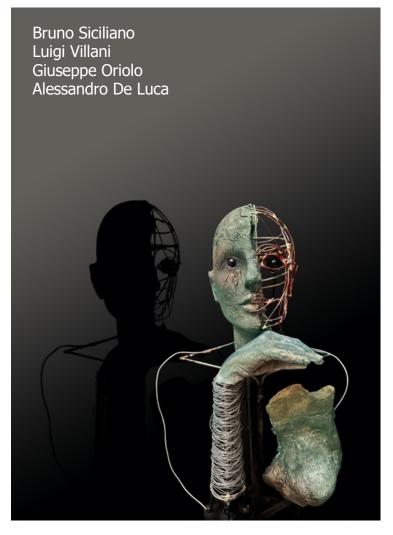


## ... fully revised textbook coming!



B. Siciliano, L. Villani, G. Oriolo, A. De Luca: **Foundations of Robotics**, Springer, to be published before the end of 2024







- algorithms for robotics\*
  - process inputs from sensors that provide noisy and partial data
  - build geometric and physical models of the robot and the world
  - plan high- and low-level actions at different time horizons
  - execute these actions on actuators with uncertainty/limited precision
- design & analysis of robot algorithms raise a unique combination of questions from many fields
  - control theory
  - computational geometry and topology
  - geometrical and physical modeling
  - reasoning under uncertainty
  - probabilistic algorithms and game theory
  - theoretical computer science

### Program - 1



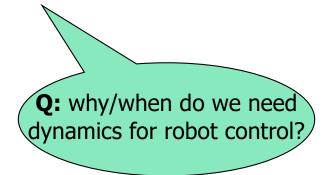
### advanced kinematics

kinematic calibration

all on fixed-base robot manipulators!

- kinematic redundancy and related control methods
- dynamic modeling of manipulators
  - direct and inverse dynamics
  - Euler-Lagrange formulation
  - Newton-Euler formulation
  - properties of the dynamic model
  - identification of dynamic parameters
  - inclusion of flexibility at the joints
  - inclusion of geometric constraints

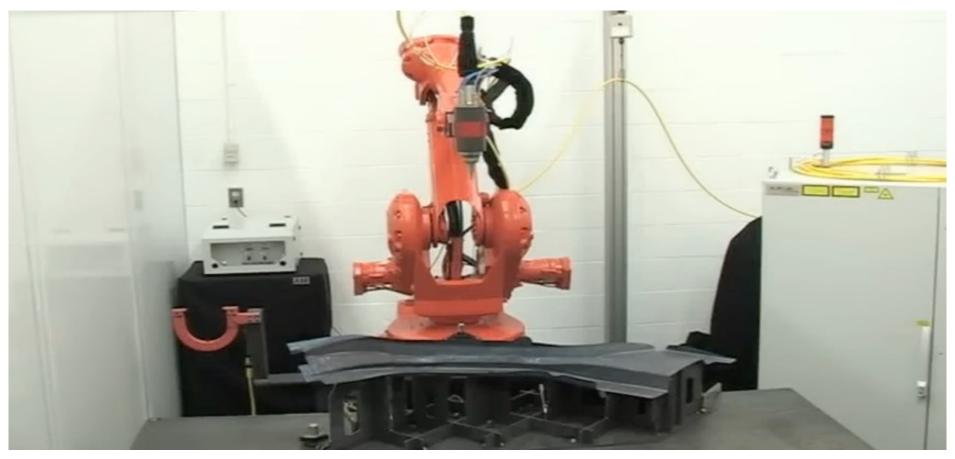
**Q:** are redundant robots "special" manipulators?





### Task-related redundancy

#### video of ABB robot in laser cutting



6-DOF robot for a 5-dimensional task = 1 degree of kinematic redundancy

## Robot dynamics and control



### video of Atlas by Boston Dynamics, 2017



https://youtu.be/fRj34o4hN4I



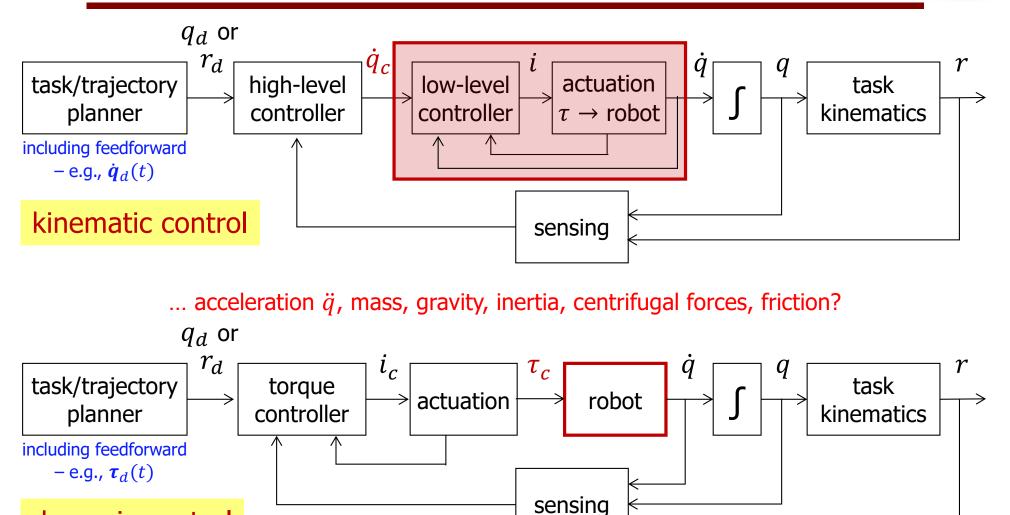
## Robot dynamics and control

video of WAM by Barrett Technology



@Ishikawa Lab, Tokyo University, 2012

# Position- vs. torque-controlled robots



### dynamic control

both modes may be present even in the same robotic system

### Program - 2



- design of feedback control laws
  - free motion tasks
    - set-point regulation
      - PD with gravity cancellation or compensation
      - PID or saturated PID
      - iterative learning for gravity compensation
      - regulation in the Cartesian/task space
    - trajectory tracking
      - feedback linearization and input-output decoupling
        - in the joint space
        - in the Cartesian/task space
      - passivity-based control
      - adaptive (and robust) control
      - on-line learning

**Q:** why/when is kinematic control not sufficient?

torque input commands

### Iterative learning under gravity

### continuum soft robots

- hard to model:  $\infty$ -dimensional  $\Rightarrow$  PCC (= Piecewise Constant Curvature)
- difficult estimation of the dynamic parameters

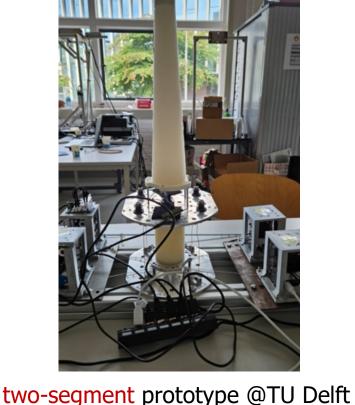
### Regulation by Iterative Learning in Continuum Soft Robots

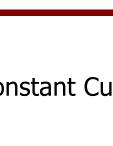
Marco Montagna, Pietro Pustina, Alessandro De Luca

DIAG Robotics Lab Sapienza Università di Roma

October 2022

I-RIM 2022 conference





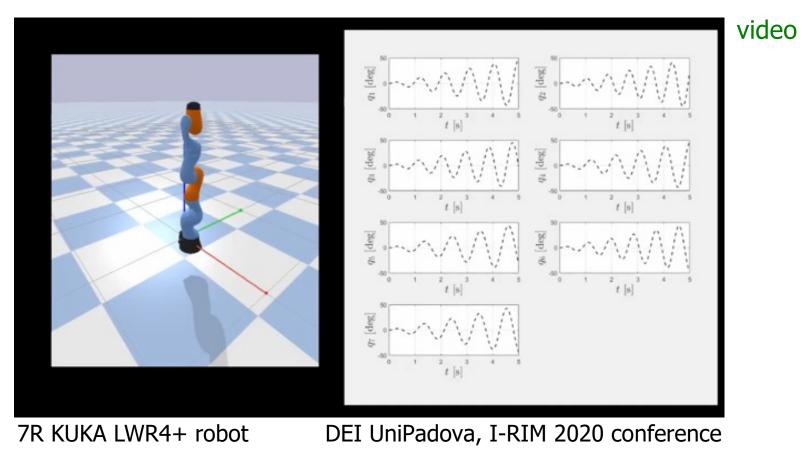


video

## Feedback linearization and inverse dynamics

### rigid multi-link robots

- use a complete dynamic model, with feedback reaction to tracking errors
- uncertainties handled by off-line identification, on-line adaptation, ...



### Program - 3



- design of feedback control laws
  - interaction tasks with the environment
    - compliance/admittance control
    - impedance control
    - hybrid force/velocity control
  - image- and position-based visual servoing
    - kinematic control treatment only
- fault diagnosis
  - detection and isolation of robot actuator faults
  - extension to a class of sensor faults
- simulation tools
  - Matlab/Simulink (including Robotics Toolbox)
  - CoppeliaSim (formerly V-REP)

Robotics 2

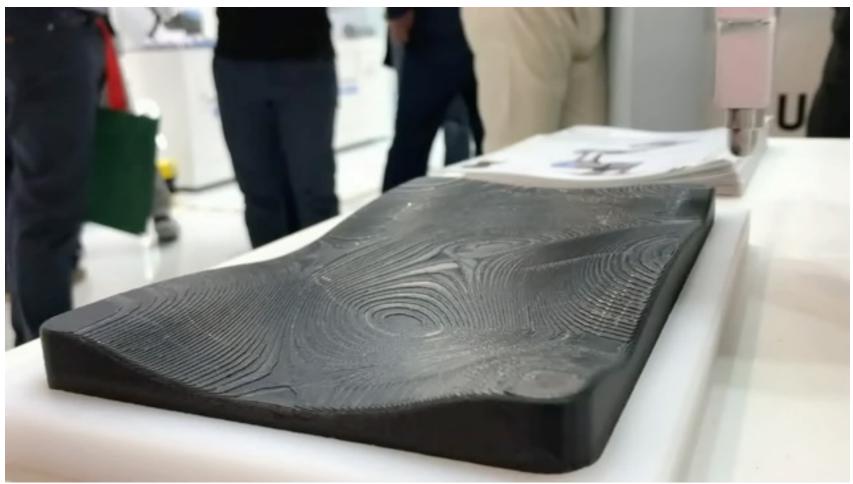
torque input commands

**Q:** why multiple control laws for handling the interaction?



# Interacting with a rigid, irregular surface

video



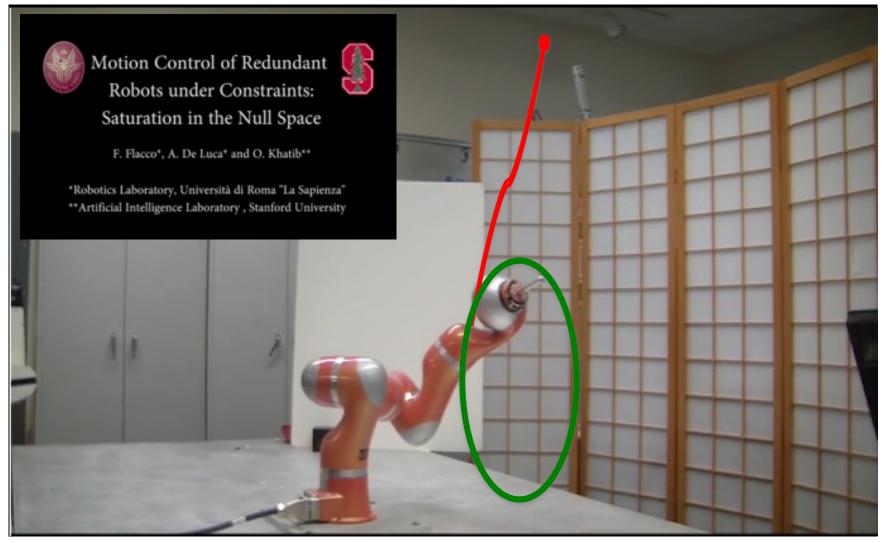
which control law is more appropriate? what is the goal?



- kinematic redundancy and related control methods
- robot dynamic modeling and identification
- motion control in the presence of joint flexibility
- interaction with the environment: force and motion control

### Kinematic/dynamic control and redundancy SNS algorithm handles hard bounds on robot motion





KUKA LWR4+ robotvideo DIAG Sapienza/Stanford, IEEE ICRA 2012Robotics 2



## Kinematic control and redundancy

### (standing) HRP-2 humanoid robot

### video @LAAS/CNRS Toulouse

#### **Hierarchical Quadratic Programming**

A. Escande N. Mansard JRL/CNRS-AIST LAAS/CNRS

P-B. Wieber

**INRIA-Grenoble** 

Application of the hierarchical solver to the generation of motion with the humanoid robot HRP-2

Multimedia Extension #1

International Journal of Robotics Research

HQP approach for multiple equality and inequality tasks with priorities



## Dynamic modeling and identification



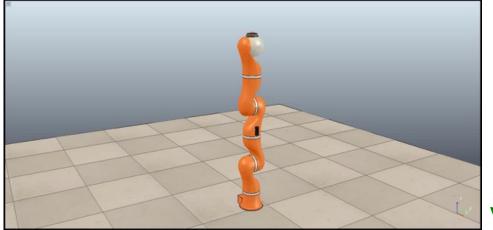


# data acquisition for identification

KUKA LWR4+ robot with joint torque sensing

### 2 videos ICRA 2014 @DIAG Robotics Lab

model validation by torque prediction

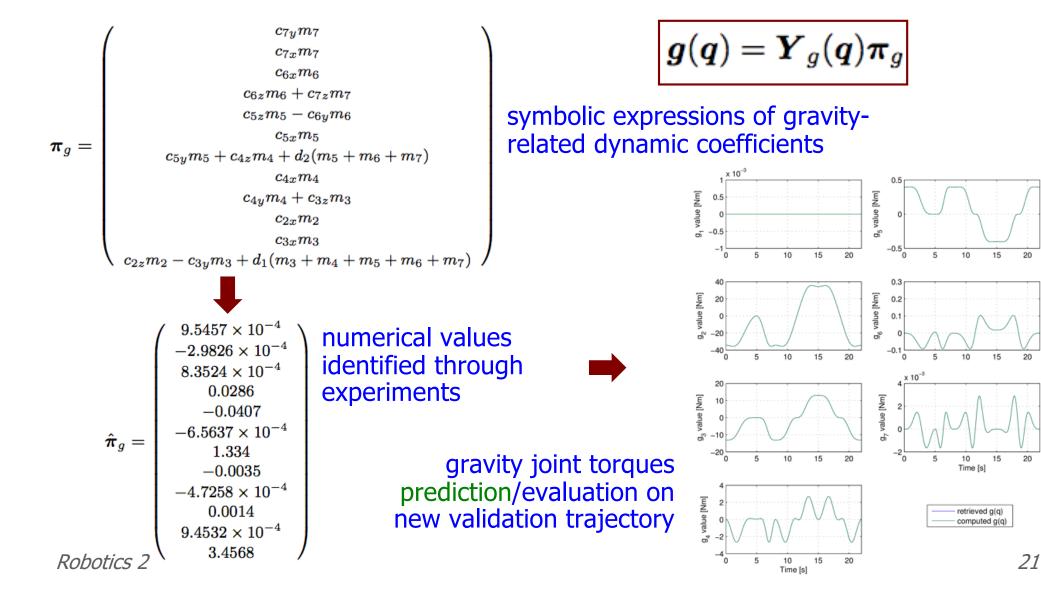


dynamic simulation with V-REP

video

# Dynamic modeling and identification

e.g., linear parametrization of gravity term in robot dynamic model





# Dynamic modeling and identification



complete dynamic model estimation vs. joint torque sensor measurement

 $oldsymbol{ au}_{meas}$ 

τ<sub>5</sub> [Nm]

<sub>6</sub> [Nm]

t<sub>7</sub> [Nm]

including an identified joint friction model

0

0.5

-0.5

0

0

5

5

5

10

10

10

actual (filtered) torques

15

15

15

estimated torques (with friction estimate)

Time [s]

20

20

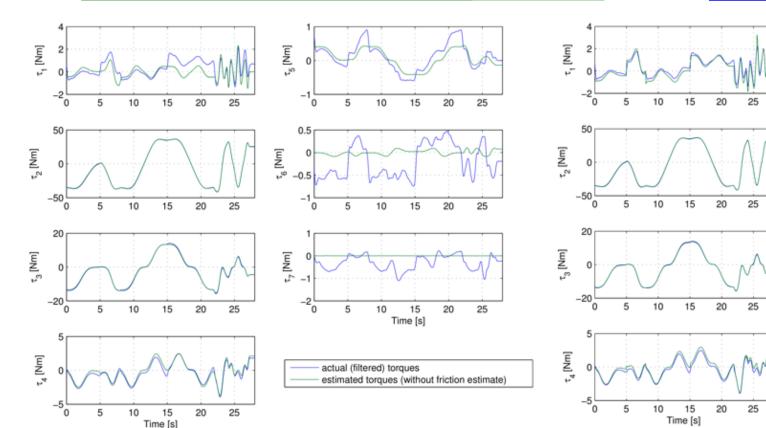
20

25

25

25

 $oldsymbol{M}(oldsymbol{q})\ddot{oldsymbol{q}}+oldsymbol{c}(oldsymbol{q},\dot{oldsymbol{q}})+oldsymbol{g}(oldsymbol{q})=oldsymbol{ au}igg|_{ au friction}$ 



### without the use of a joint friction model



### Motion and interaction control



low-damped oscillations due to flexibility of robot transmissions at the joints (use of Harmonic Drives)

### 2 videos @DLR München

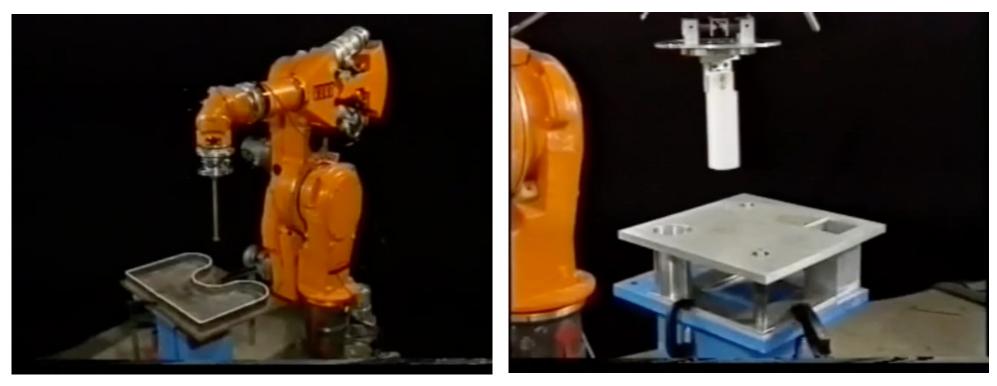


end-effector response to forces with impedance control (selective behavior in different directions)

## Control of environment interaction



### 2 video clips extracted from Springer Handbook of Robotics - Multimedia



surface contour following

peg-in-hole insertion strategy

De Schutter et al @KU Leuven, Belgium (mid '90s)

## Physical human-robot interaction control



video ICRA 2015 @DIAG Robotics Lab



### Control of Generalized Contact Motion and Force in Physical Human-Robot Interaction

Emanuele Magrini, Fabrizio Flacco, Alessandro De Luca

Robotics Lab, DIAG Sapienza Università di Roma

September 2014

## Contacts



- student hours Tuesdays 12:00-13:30 (until early June 2024)
  - in presence A-210, left wing, floor 2, DIAG
  - via Zoom or G-Meet (see <u>www.diag.uniroma1.it/deluca/Teaching.php</u>)
  - send an email for other dates (check also "My travel dates")
- communication mode
  - **use** the G-group for questions and doubts: everyone would benefit!
  - by mail (personal issues) <u>deluca@diag.uniroma1.it</u>
- URL <u>www.diag.uniroma1.it/deluca</u>
- course material
  - www.diag.uniroma1.it/deluca/rob2\_en.php
  - pdf of slides, link to video lectures, vides shown in class (zipped), syllabus, written exams (most with solutions), ...
- research video channel www.youtube.com/user/RoboticsLabSapienza

# Exams and Master Theses



### type of exam

- midterm test qualifies for a final project (OR as part of the final exam)
- final written exam OR final project + report + oral presentation
- schedule for academic year 2023-24
  - 2 sessions at the end of this semester
    - between June 3 and July 26
  - 1 session after the summer break
    - between September 2 and 24
  - 2 sessions at the end of the first semester of next year
    - January and February 2025
  - book in infostud (code 1021883) up to one week before, only one session is open at a time
  - 2 extra sessions only for students of previous years, part-time, etc.
    - in March-April and October-November 2024
- theses samples at DIAG Robotics Lab <u>www.diag.uniroma1.it/labrob</u>

) er of next year

to be published by April

on infostud & course web page